

FRM4SOC Presentation

Ocean Colour Solutions

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Satellite Ocean Colour Validation / Calibration

NPL Presentation

Summary

- 01 **Presentation**
- 02 **Products & Applications**
- 03 **Development Projects**
- 04 **Conclusion**

1. Presentation

Who we are...

French manufacturer of meteorological and atmospheric observation systems
for all “weather sensitive” activities



High quality & robustness for
harsh environments



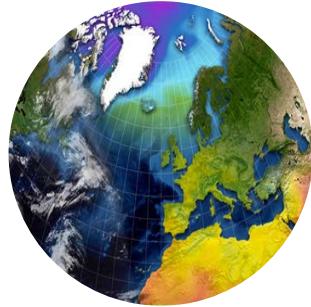
Autonomous & reliable
field equipment



Smart design &
economical systems

50 years of continuous leading expertise in the core of tomorrow markets

Meteorology



Climate change



Oceanology



Air quality



What we do...

Automatic Weather Stations



CimMETEO



CimAGRO

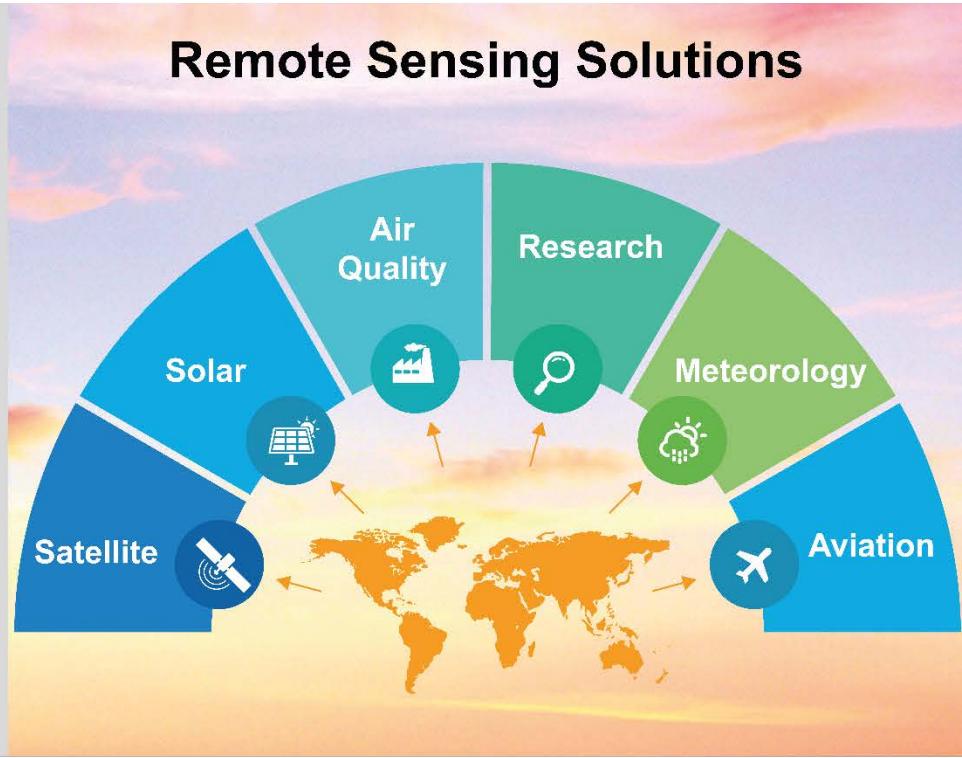


CimAWOS

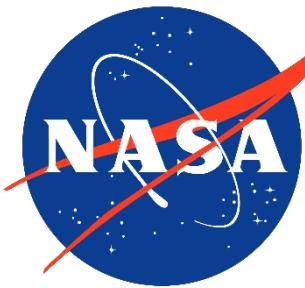


CimSOLAR

Remote Sensing Solutions



Some of our partners...



- Calibration
- R&D lunar AOD
- Data center (operational)



- LiDAR Reference
- Calibration platform



- Calibration
- Measurement campaigns
- Data center (operational)



- Calibration
- R&D Lidar bi- λ
- R&D photometer lunar



2. Products & Applications

CIMEL Website : Remote Sensing instruments

REMOTE SENSING INSTRUMENTS



CE312 - High precision IR Radiometer CLIMAT

The CE312 IR radiometer CLIMAT (*) is the benchmark precision instrument for measurements of spectral luminance in 4 to 6 thermal

InfraRed bands. Thanks to differential measurement principle, it performs radiation ...

[VIEW +](#)

CE332 - Airborne multiband infrared radiometer

CE332 is a very accurate device for measuring simultaneously an aimed target radiance and brightness over three thermal infrared bandwidths. The radiometer is specially designed to be used in mobile ...

[VIEW +](#)

CE370 - Long Range Automatic Aerosol LiDAR

Eye safe LiDAR for 24/7 aerosol and cloud monitoring up to the stratosphere. The CE370 LiDAR provides continuous high performance measurements of aerosol and cloud spatial distribution on an extended range. It ...

[VIEW +](#)

CE600 - Underwater multi-band imager

CE600 imager measures underwater multi-spectral radiances in 6 bandwidths from 406 nm to 628 nm. Its original patented design of its telecentric optics (Fish-eye +/- 92°) ensures an absolute measure with ...

[VIEW +](#)

CE318-T - Sun Sky Lunar Multiband Photometer

As the only photometer operated by the AERONET international federation of networks since 1992, the CE318 multiband photometer is recognized as the worldwide reference for aerosol observing networks. The latest version, the ...

[VIEW +](#)

CE351 - Atmospheric multi-band imager

CE351 imager measures the sky radiance in 6 bandwidths from 406 nm to 628 nm. Its original patented design of its telecentric optics (Fish-eye +/- 92°) ensures an absolute measure with ...

[VIEW +](#)

CE376 - Compact Automatic Aerosol LiDAR

The CE376 is a compact, eyesafe backscatter LiDAR, featuring outstanding performances for the automated continuous monitoring of aerosols. It operates in the visible (green) and/or in the near infrared (NIR) ...

[VIEW +](#)

CE318T Photometer in the field



Île d'Amsterdam, SNO PHOTONS
IPEV/CNRS
© Isabelle Jouvie VAT, 2016

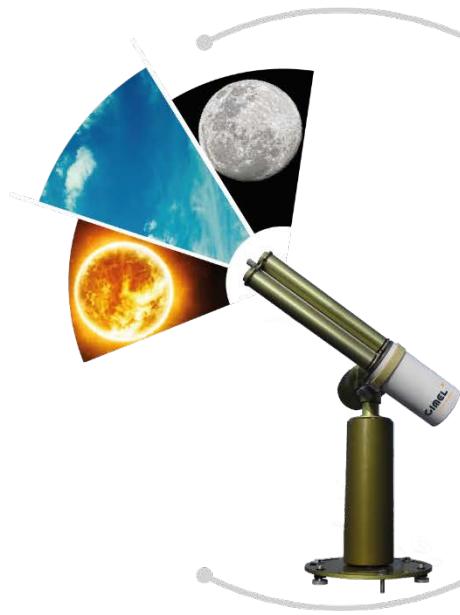
© Isabelle Jouvie

Onset
EXPLORE THE CLIMATE

Photometers: new CE318-T version!

CE318-T

Multispectral analysis



Aerosol quantification (AOD)



Atmospheric analysis & climate studies



Satellite calibration & data validation



Site validation of solar power plants

Day and night AOD measurements

Complementary to the LiDAR

Fully autonomous & user-friendly

Harsh environmental conditions

Customisable (filters, scenarios...)

Product models

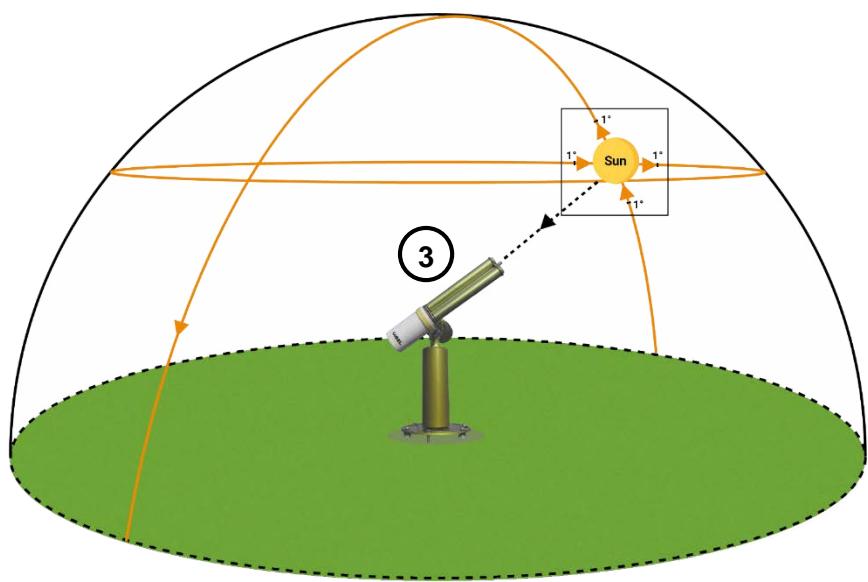
- Standard
- Polarised
- Lunar
- Ocean Colour
- Lake Colour
- BRDF

Principle of measurement

Standard

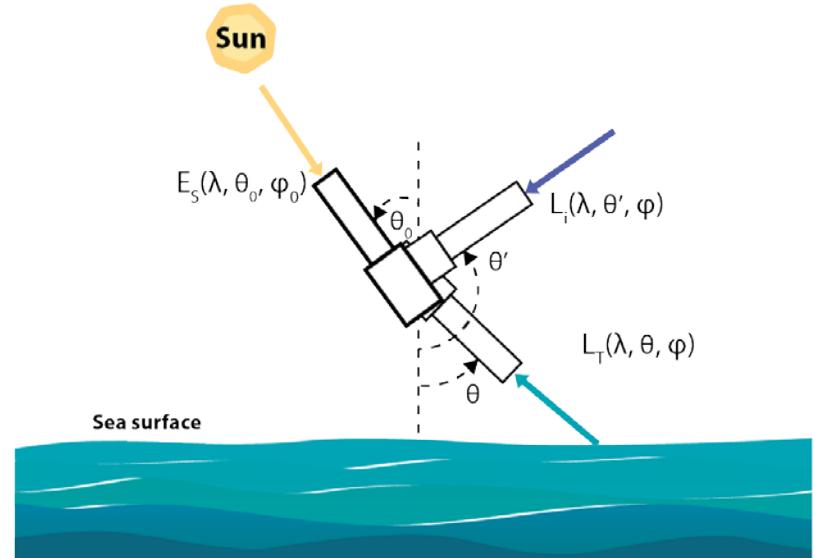
SUN

Φ ALM & PP & HYB



Ocean / Lake

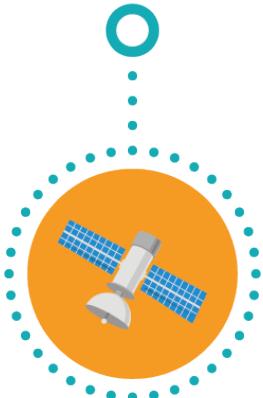
Side view



SeaPRISM configuration used to measure direct Sun irradiance
 E_s , sea-radiance L_t and sky-radiance L_i

Applications & Scenarios

Satellite calibration
& data validation



Atmospheric
correction



SeaPRISM photometer:
Ocean Colour & Lake Colour

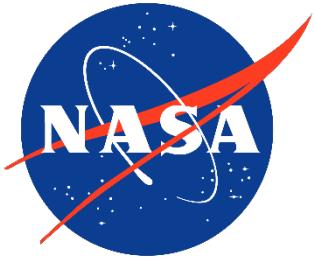
400, 412,5, 442,5, 490,
510, 560, 620, 665, **779**,
865, 937, 1020 nm

12 wavelengths

412,5, 442,5, 490, 510,
560, 620, 665, **681**, **709**,
865, 937, 1020 nm

➔ Customisable (filters, scenarios, polarisation)

SeaPRISM photometer

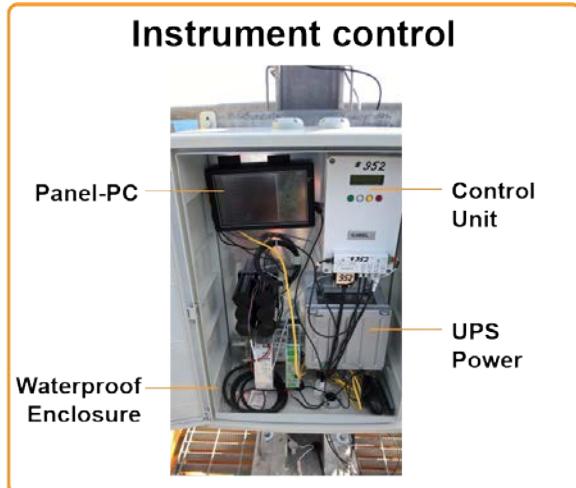


Integration in the NASA
AERONET-OC network



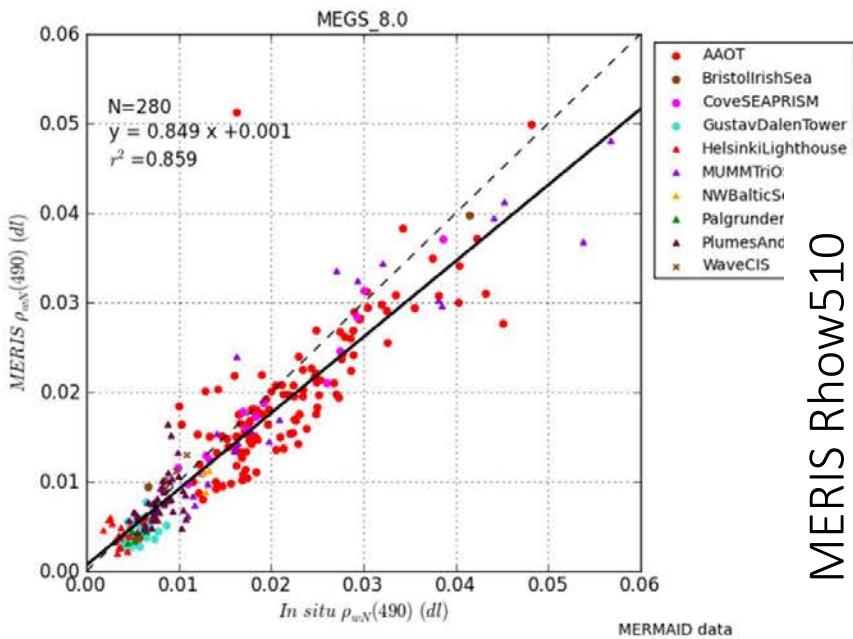
- Water-leaving radiance
- Water vapor
- Single scattering albedo
- Aerosol optical Depth (AOD)
- Global solar radiation
- Refractive index

➔ Standardised instruments, calibration procedure & data processing

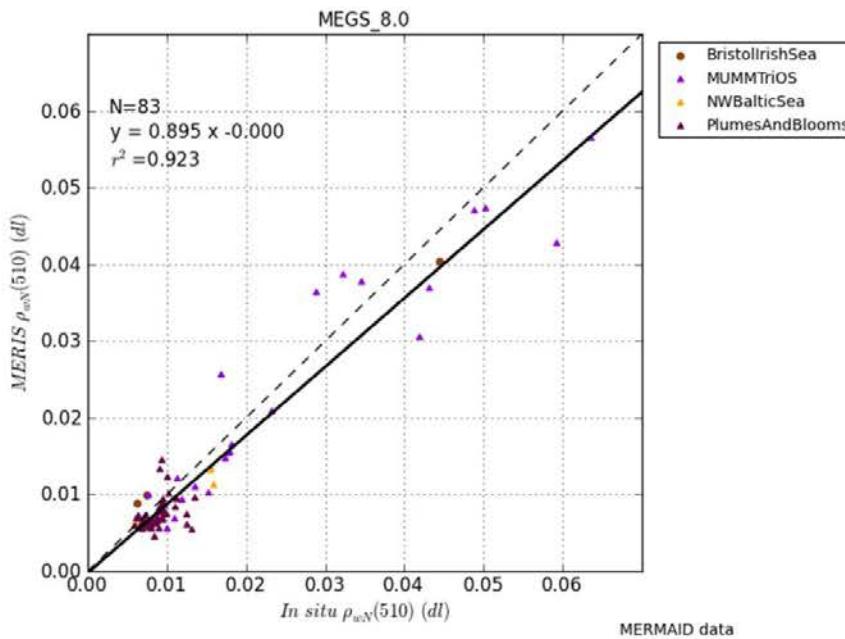


10 years of MERIS validation data

MERIS Rhow490



MERIS Rhow510



In situ Rhow490

1. AERONET-OC stations produce significantly more matchups
2. AND have standardised calibration, processing and Quality Control
3. BUT do not cover all wavelengths

In situ Rhow510

[MERIS 3rd reprocessing data validation report, ACRI, 2012]

Data courtesy of PIs (D. McKee, K. Ruddick, D. Siegel, S. Kratzer) and AERONET-OC PIs (G. Zibordi, G. Schuster, S. Kratzer, B. Gibson), matchup using MERMAID

Courtesy of K. Ruddick

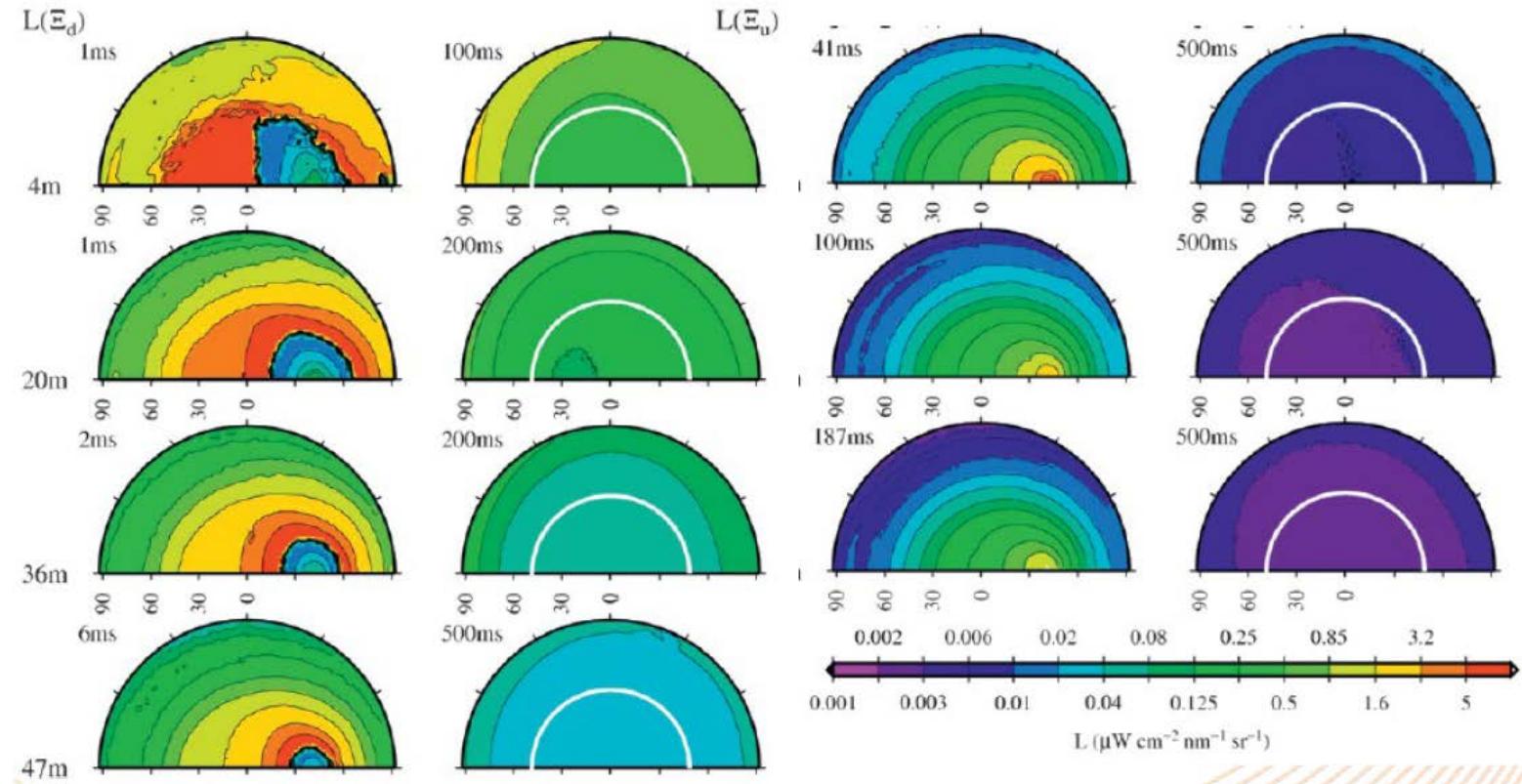
Multiband atmospheric/submarine imager

1. Spectral radiances over the whole hemisphere (184° FOV)
2. 6 bands in the visible
3. Automatic continuous operation
4. Outdoor / submarine
5. Calibrated radiances

→ Full hemispheric radiance map in RT



CE-351: submarine Radiance map



Arctic (Beaufort Sea) during the Malina cruise in August 2009 (station 235–2). The sun zenith angle was 658, the sky was clear, and the chlorophyll concentration was 0.1 mg(Chl) m⁻³

3. Development Projects

3.1 Mobile Photometer

AQABA – campaign 2017

→ First Automatic Sun/Sky/Moon CE318-T photometer on a ship

- **Exploratory Observation** : technology to test
- **First Objective:** Spectral AOD (Day / Night)
- **Second Objective:** Sky Radiance (Almucantar)



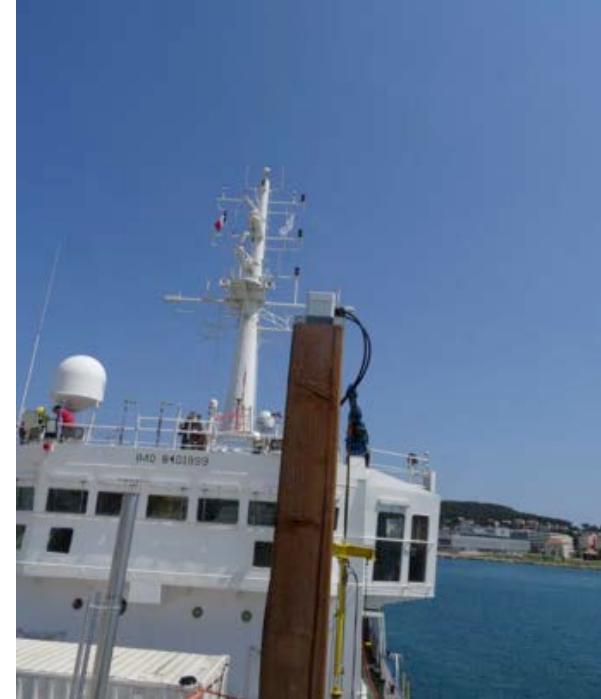
- System Set up at Toulon, France, in Iona Kommandor ship
- One operator to check time to time

AQABA– campaign 2017

Inclinometer
Magnetic compass
(replaced by a differential GPS)



Data logger to control the
photometer CE318-T

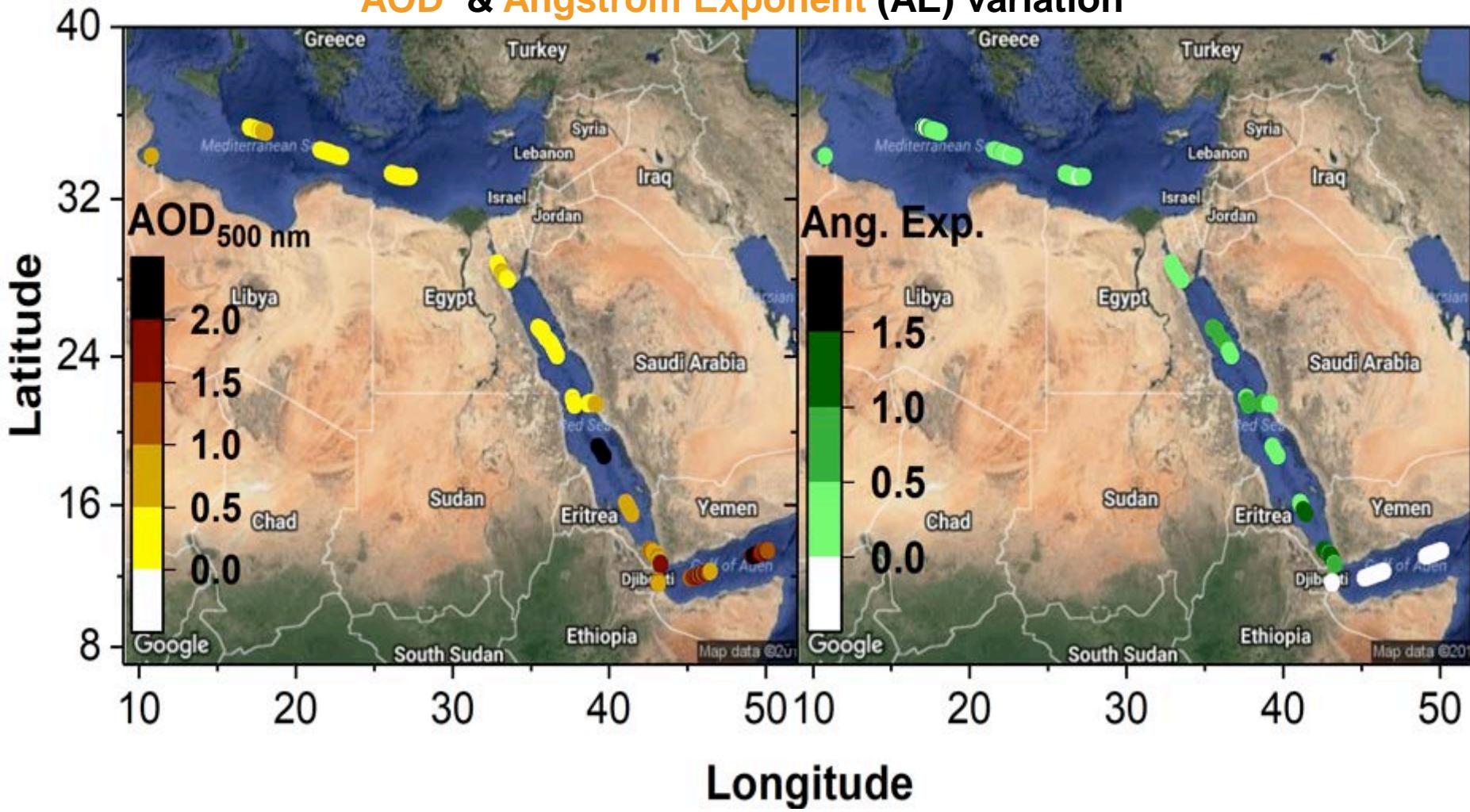


3G Key or on board internet access → LOA data processing system (NRT)

AQABA– campaign 2017

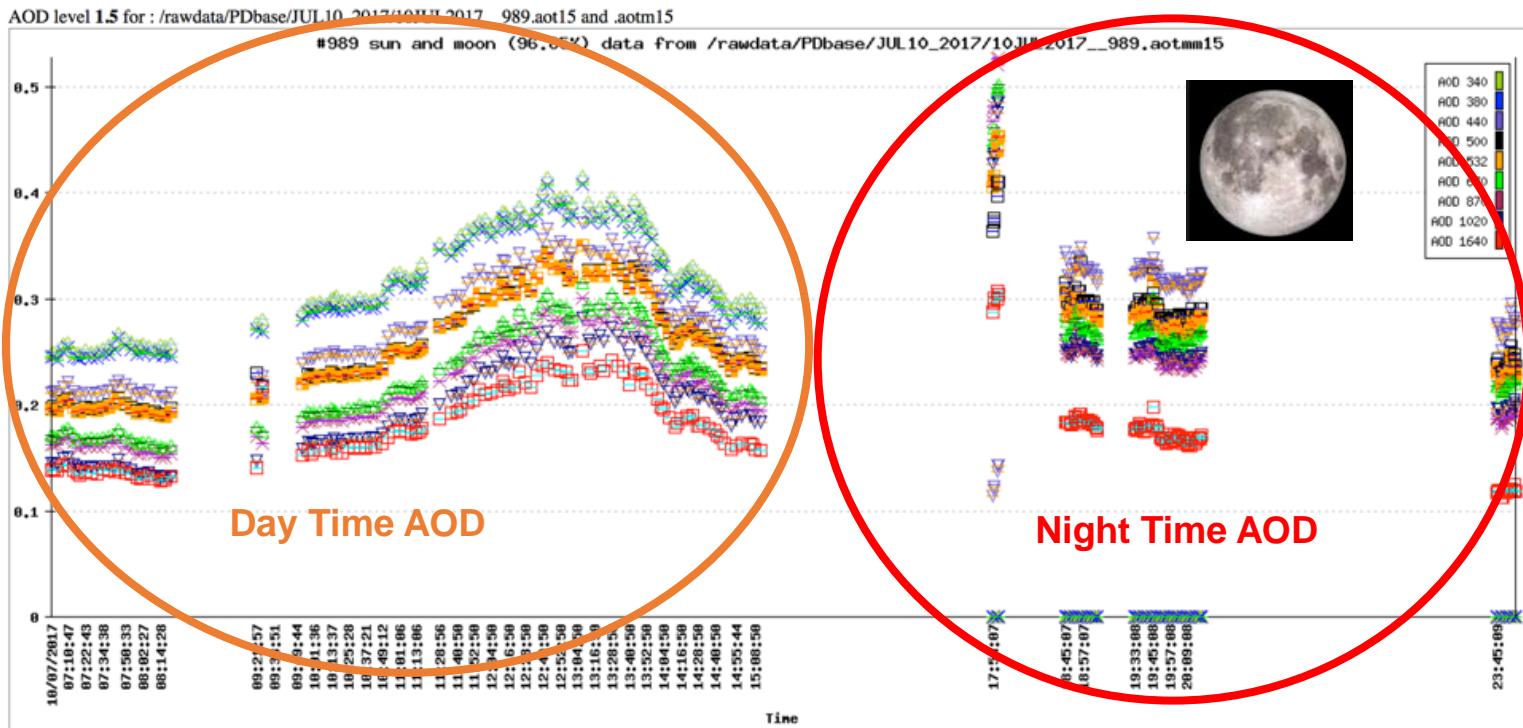
Overview of the first part of AQABA observation

AOD & Angström Exponent (AE) variation



AQABA– campaign 2017

AERONET/PHOTON Data Processing System has been adapted to mobile system (AOD)



Day time AOD [/rawdata/PDbase/JUL10_2017/10JUL2017_989.aot15] :

Version 2.04 (13.07.2017), SNO PHOTONS, LOA/Univ. Lille/CNRS,0989,K8

Site Lat Lon Alt(m) : Kommandor_Iona 21.4795 38.6642 0.0

Triplet threshold on AOD for cloud screening : 0.010 Uncertainty on AOD : 0.01 (0.02 in UV)

Water-Vapor abundance constants: 0.6421 0.5975 Processing Date : 2017/07/13 18H34

Values for Patm (hPa), O3 (Dobson), Sun-Earth Correction: 1006.1441 288.3000 0.9667

New Temperature Corrections (1st,2nd) : 0.00334-0.00001 0.00032-0.00000 0.00020-0.00000-0.00003 0.00000-0.00003 0.00000 0.00006 0.00000 0.00017 0.00000

Aerosol Optical Depth (AOD): Lev0.5(No Triplet) | Lev1.0(Cloudy) | Lev1.5(No Cloud) | Lev1.6(Pre-Post-cal)

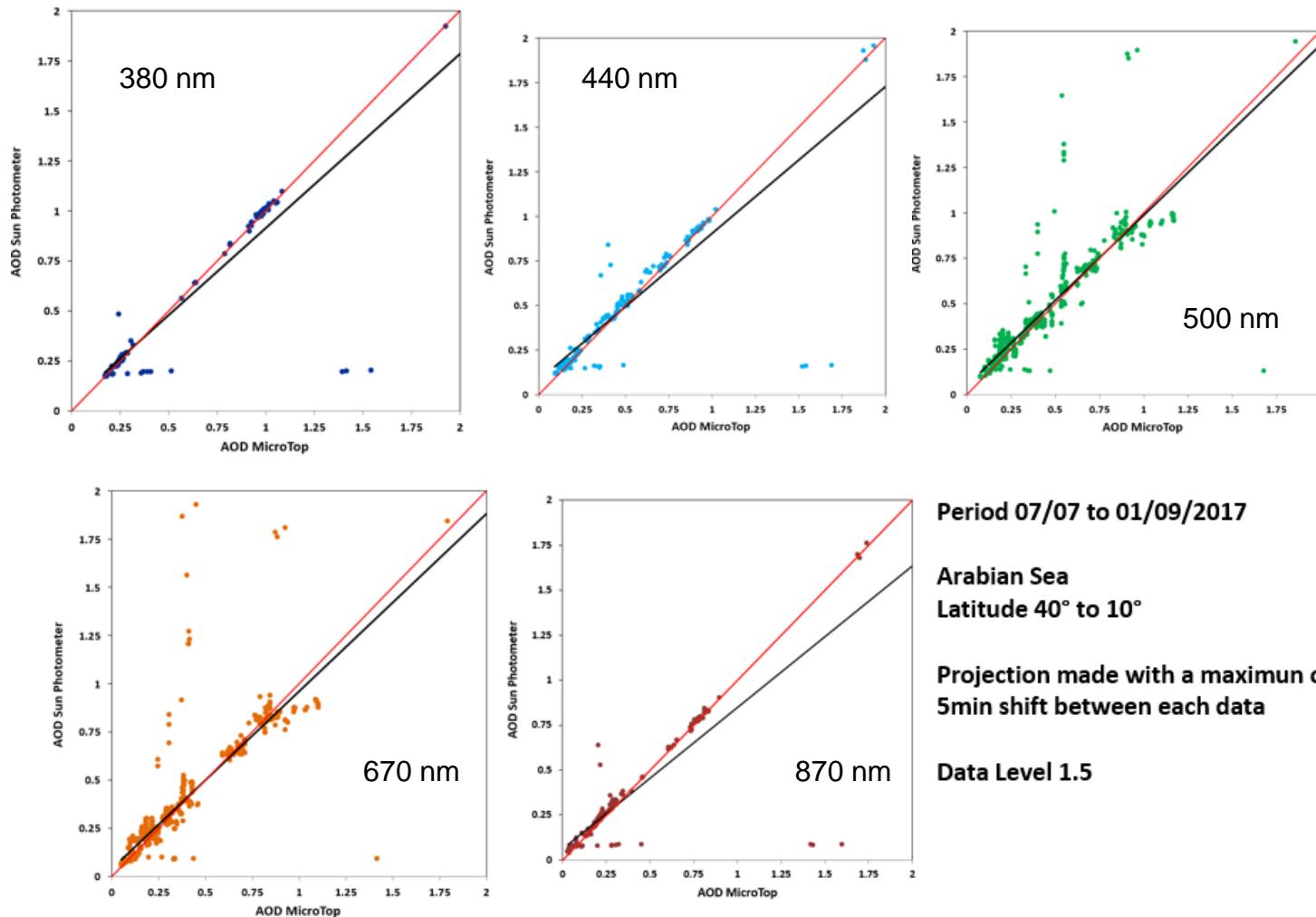
D,Mt,Year,H ,M ,S J.Day,Time(UTC),AOD340,AOD380,AOD440,AOD500,AOD532,AOD670,AOD870,AOD1020,AOD1640,Alpha,Tetas,H2O(g/cm²),T ,Lev,Long,Lat,P(hPa)

10.07.2017,06.58.53,191.2909,6.9814,0.2491,0.2456,0.2112,0.1972,0.1963,0.1710,0.1623,0.1447,0.1379,0.3864,35.1418,1.9225,35.2,1.5,38.66420,21.47950,1006.1

10.07.2017,07.00.53,191.2923,7.0147,0.2497,0.2457,0.2122,0.1990,0.1969,0.1709,0.1622,0.1454,0.1389,0.3943,34.6817,1.9193,35.4,1.5,38.66420,21.47950,1007.2

AQABA– campaign 2017

AOD CIMEL Automatic (#989) Vs AERONET MicroTop



OCEANET – campaign 2018

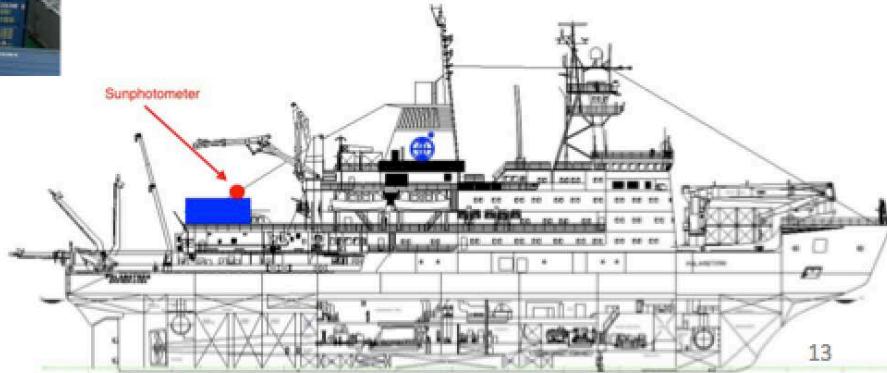


CIMEL

EXPLORE THE CLIMATE



TROPOS

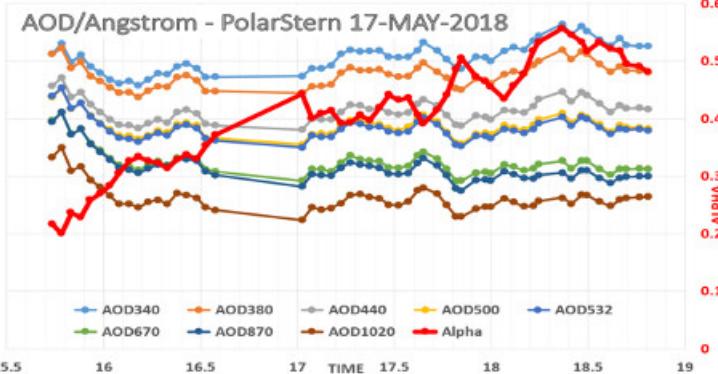


OCEANET – campaign 2018

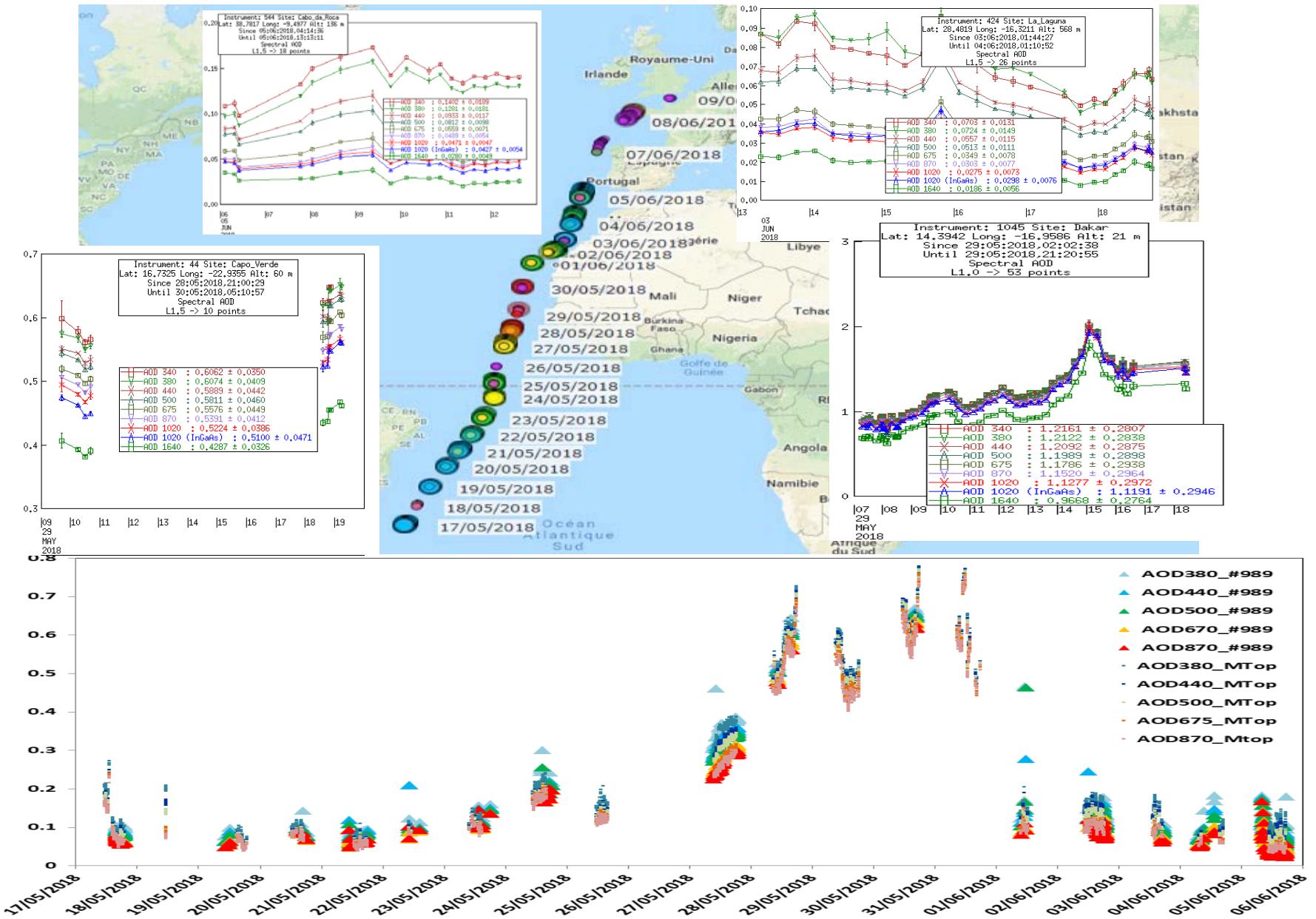
Punta Arenas (Chili) \Rightarrow Hamburg



SNO PHOTONS/AERONET/ ACTRIS-FR/Labex CaPPA

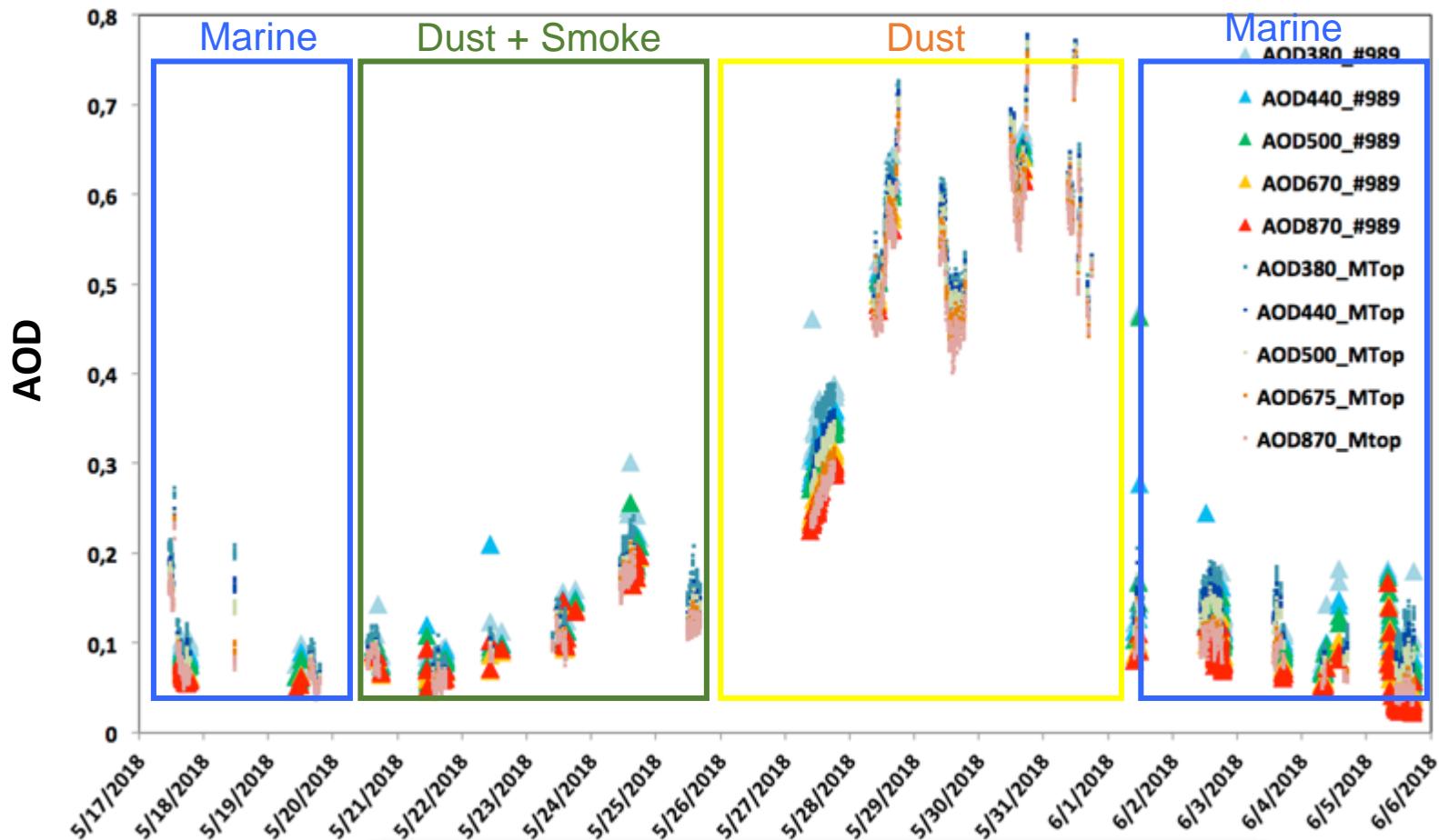


POLARSTERN – campaign 2018



POLARSTERN – campaign 2018

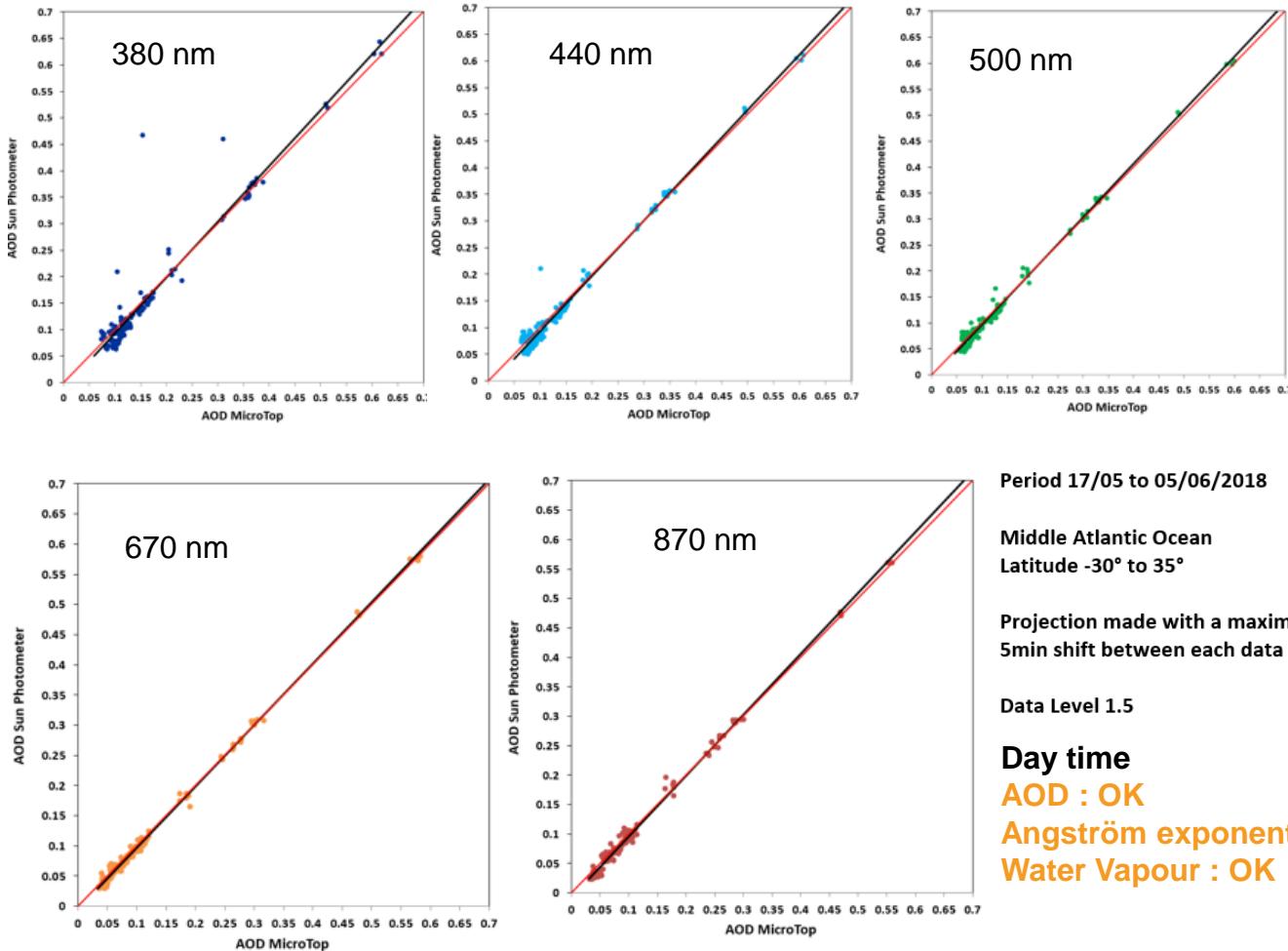
ACTRIS/PHOTONS (CE318T, #989) Vs Microtops (AERONET)



Source: ACTRIS/PHOTONS data processing

POLARSTERN – campaign 2018

AOD CIMEL Automatic (#989) Vs AERONET MicroTop (#22499)



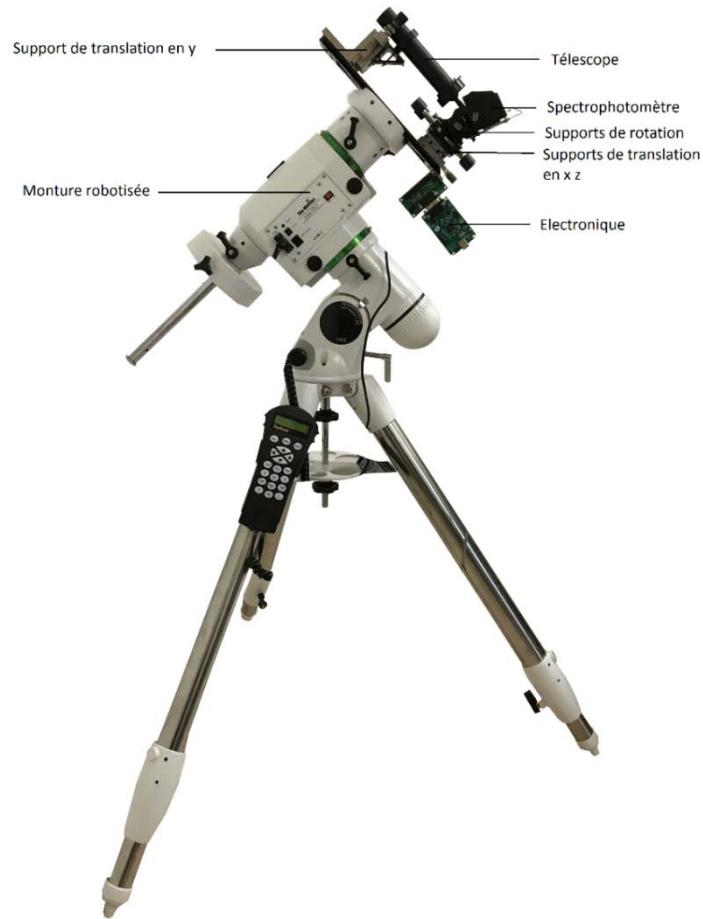
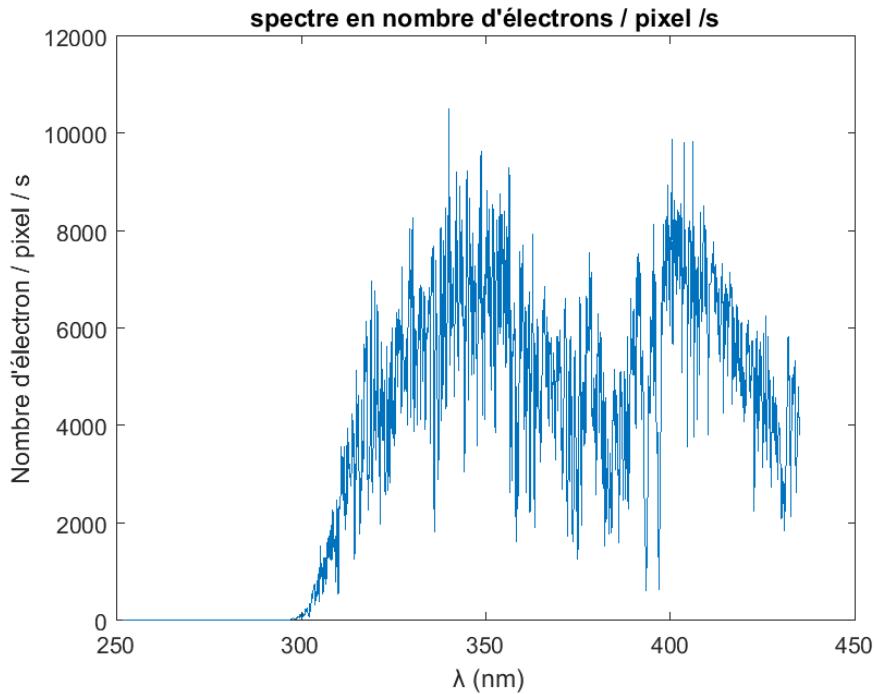
3. Development Projects

3.2 Spectro-Photometer

Spectrophotometer: add-on photometer

➔ Project 1: add-on to the photometer dedicated to the aerosol and gas measurement

- Prototype for O₃ & NO₂ measurements between 250 – 450 nm / 0.27 nm resolution
- Different scenarios ➔ QDOAS analysis software

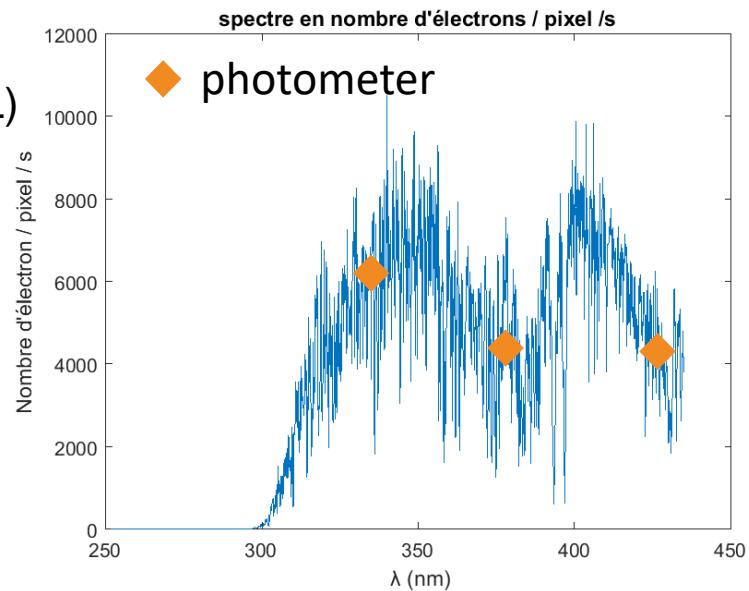


Spectrophotometer: add-on photometer

→ Project 1: add-on to the photometer dedicated to the aerosol and gas measurement

→ Calibration: two approaches

- Absolute calibration ⇔ NMI / FRM approach (FEL)
- Instantaneous inter-calibration with a photometer



$$DC_{d,0}^S = DC_{d,0}^M \frac{DC_d^S}{DC_d^M} \exp \left[-m_{atm}(\tau_{atm}^M - \tau_{atm}^S) - m_a AOD_d^M \left(1 - \left(\frac{\lambda^S}{\lambda^M} \right)^{-A} \right) \right]$$

Spectrophotometer: ROSACE

Radiometry for Ocean Colour **SA**tellites **C**alibration & Community **E**ngagement

→ **Project 2:** Preliminary Design of the Copernicus Ocean Colour Vicarious Calibration. Spectrophotometer on a floating buoy.

EUMETSAT ITT

Laboratoire d'Océanographie de Villefranche,
Institut de la Mer de Villefranche



Hellenic Centre for
Marine Research



UK National
Physical Laboratory



University of Tartu,
Tartu Observatory



CIMEL Electronique





→ CIMEL task:

- Market research of COTS spectrometers
- **Preliminary optical simulations:**
 - Preliminary estimation of the incoming light flux
 - Preliminary optical design of the light collecting systems
 - Preliminary optical simulation of the opto-electronical chain of measurement
- **Preliminary design of:**
 - Opto-mechanical system,
 - Electronics and acquisition system
 - the communication system



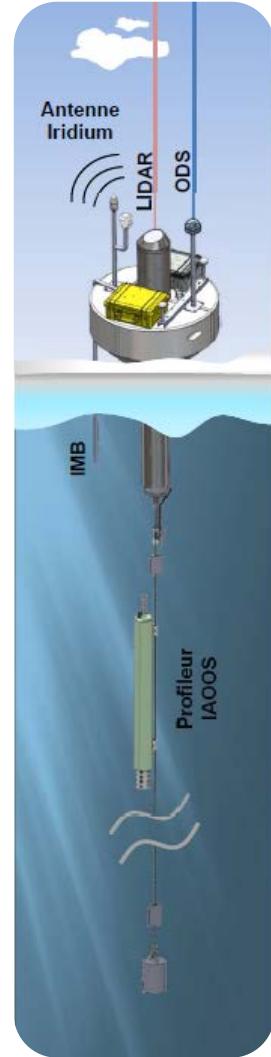
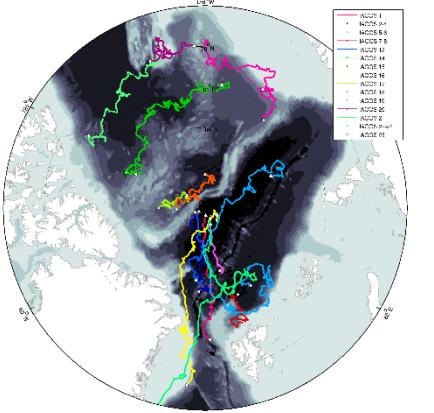
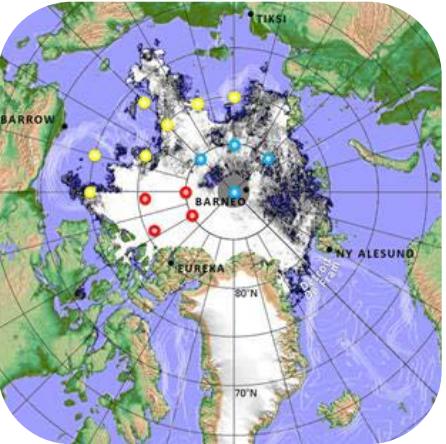
→ CIMEL Outputs :

- Concept design of the spectrometers: architecture and estimated performances
- For each non-COTS components:
 - Target specifications and TRL level
 - Methodology to reach TRL8
- Detailed measurement equations
- Uncertainty budget for the system (each measurement chain)
- Communication system specifications
- Specifications for internal monitoring functions
- Price of components and manufacturing of the complete system

3. Development Projects

3.3 μLiDAR on floating buoy in the Arctic

IAOOS EQUIPEX project



- Development of an integrated system collecting real-time & simultaneous observations of the ocean, ice, snow and atmosphere in the Arctic area
- Deployment of a **thirty** platforms' network so far

Challenges

- No solar panel, autonomous for 2 years with batteries
- Harsh environmental conditions
- Miniaturisation of LiDAR
- Low power consumption (10 W)
- Up to 3 km by day



3. Development Projects

3.x waiting for the specs !!!

4. Conclusion

Conclusion

Well known in the Scientific Community for our expertise

Our **mission** is to be the link between:

Scientific research



Industrial world



Innovative technologies & operational solutions



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**Thank you for
supporting Cimel**